#### WALL DEVICE FOR FITTINGS

# TECHNICAL FIELD

[0001] The present invention relates to the devices used in the building manufacturing manufacture and remodeling restructuring. Particularly, the invention refers to a wall device for fittings, fit for housing fittings and supporting pipes, ducts, hydro thermo hot water sanitary systems apparatuses, cables, wires, and other technology related connecting components technological nets.

#### BACKGROUND ART

[0002] There are known devices, generally used in the building manufacturing and remodeling restructuring, constituted by structures or frameworks which are embedded and/or fixed to the walls in order to accommodate and support fittings, for instance pipes and sanitary equipment equipments. Said These frameworks allow to make it easier and quicker to install and assemble hot water sanitary equipment assembly hydrothermo sanitary elements such as sinks, toilets hygienic cups, reservoirs, bidets or white other goods for instance boilers, washers, or ducts for the air conditioning system or the passage of electric and signal cables.

[0003] Once completed the connection of the fittings is completed, the frameworks are then embedded or covered by fixed casing panels or by a second layer of wall.

[0004] The main drawback of said known devices consists in is that they do not allow changes or modifications to variants of the structure or the framework especially after the installation is completed.

[0005] Other Another drawback of the known devices consists in the elements having predefined and standard dimensions, which cannot be customized or modified, to accommodate according to the elements to be fixed and the characteristics of the place to be built and/or restructured.

[0006] A further Further drawback consists in is that said the known devices cannot be easily inspected and, in case of maintenance required interventions of the inner fittings therein, they require substantial many masonry work, first demolition works firstly destructive and afterwards reconstruction reconstructive.

[0007] Another Other drawback of the known devices consists in is that they require a large amount of labor heavy works during the installation and assembly assemblage phase and a suitable prearrangement and preparation of the walls, inside which said device must be inserted, in correspondence of to allow for the appropriate embedding or seats to receive the devices.

# DISCLOSURE OF THE INVENTION

[0008] The main object of the present invention is to propose a wall device for fixtures and fittings which is adjustable and customizable according to specific constructive requirements, and fit to be modified and also easily changed after the installation and the <u>assembly assemblage</u>.

[0009] Other Another object is to propose a device, which can be fixed to an existing wall, requiring a minimum prearrangement of the preexisting walls, both in the construction phase and in the remodeling restructuring phase.

[0010] <u>A further Further object</u> is to propose a device <u>that itself may</u> <del>fit to</del> constitute a self-supporting independent wall.

[0011] Other object is that to propose Another object is to provide a device having detachable covering panels, in order to which allow an easy and quick installation and inspection of the inner pipes and ducts and the hydro thermo sanitary apparatuses hot water sanitary systems supported thereby.

[0012] The above-mentioned objects are achieved according to the content of the claims.

### BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0013] The characteristics of the invention are underlined in the following <u>description</u> with particular reference to the attached drawings, in which:

- figure 1 shows a front view of the wall device for fittings, and the like, of the present invention;
- figure 2 shows a partial section view according to line II-II of figure 1;
- figure 3 shows a plant view of a plate mean of figure 2;
- figure 4 shows a section view according to line IV-IV of figure 2;
- figure 5 shows a partial section view according to line V-V of figure 1;
- figure 6 shows a back view of connection means of the figure 1 device;
- figure 7 shows a section partial view according to line VII-VII of figure 1;
- figure 8 shows a front view of a variant of the figure 1 device;
- figure 9 shows a partial section view according to line IX-IX of figure 8;
- figure 9A shows a partial section view of a variant of third fixing means of figure 9;
- figure 10 shows a partial section view according to line X-X of figure 8;
- figure 11 shows a partial section view of a variant of second fixing means of figure 5;
- figure 12 shows a partial section view of a variant of a first channel section and of second fixing means of the figure 5 device;

- figure 13 shows a view of fourth fixing means of the figure 1 device associated to second channel sections in which some parts have been removed for better underlining others;
- figure 14 shows a partial section view according to line XIV-XIV of figure 13;
- figure 15 shows an axonometric view of the fourth fixing means of figure 13;
- figures 16 and 17 show respectively a side view and partial section view according to line XVII-XVII of figure 16 of a variant of the first fixing means of the device of figure 1:
- figure 18 shows a partial cross section view of a further variant of the device of figure 1;
- figure 19 shows a partial section view of removable hanging means of for the device;
- figure 20 shows an axonometric view of a further variant of the first fixing means of the figure 1 device;
- figure 21 shows a partial axonometric view of the variant of figure 20 connected to channel sections;
- figure 22 shows a variant of the figure 20 fixing means;
- figure 23 shows a further variant of the figure 20 fixing means;
- figure 24 shows a variant of the a-channel section of figure 2.

## BEST MODE OF CARRYING OUT THE INVENTION

[0014] With reference to figures from 1 to 7, numeral 1 indicates the wall device for fittings, for instance ducts, wirings, sinks, toilets hygienic vases, heaters, and other white goods and the like, which are known and not shown. The wall device 1 is substantially constituted by horizontal and vertical uprights 2, mutually connected through adjustable first fixing means 10. The device includes connection means 20 fit for connecting the fittings to the uprights 2.

[0015] Each vertical upright 2 is constituted by a first channel section 5 or by a second channel section 6, whose each one including, starting from a respective bottom side 50, two respective opposed side parts 51-and, almost orthogonal to the bottom side 50, and two first portions 52 running parallel to the bottom side 50.

[0016] The bottom side 50, the side parts 51 and the first portions 52 define respectively a cavity 55 and a longitudinal opening 8 fit for housing the first fixing means 10 and for the connection means 20.

[0017] With reference to figure 5, at At least a first portion 52 of each first channel section 5 has also a second portion 53 orthogonal to the first portion 52, and facing outward from the respective cavity 55. The second portions 53 of the first channel section 5 are provided as an integral structure with the first channel section 5 carried out in a single body with the latter, by appropriately folding said first channel section.

[0018] In the preferred embodiment, the wall device 1 object of the present invention includes two vertical uprights 2, constituted by first channel sections 5, and two horizontal uprights 2, each one housing consisting of the second channel section 6.

[0019] The <u>wall</u> device <u>1</u> further has a middle horizontal upright 2 <u>providing earried out</u> by a second channel section 6 and fit for supporting, through the connection means 20, the fittings, ducts, <u>and other hydro thermo sanitary</u> elements.

[0020] It is provided that each Each of the section channels 5, 6 has have, in correspondence of the bottom side 50, one or more windows 57, fit to allow and which make it easier to introduce and pass the introduction and the passage inside and through the device of pipes, ducts, wirings, etc., through the wall device.

[0021] The connection between a second channel section 6 and a first channel section 5 or a second channel section 6 of the uprights 2 is carried out by <u>use of</u> the first fixing means 10. Each of the first fixing means is composed of, each one constituted by a plate mean 15, having a nearly rectangular shape, which can be insert inside the cavity 55 of the second channel section 6. The plate means 15 is and removably connected to a first "V" shaped bracket mean 16, which can be fit inside the cavity 55 of the channel section 5, 6. The plate mean 15 and the bracket mean 16 clamp, by clamping means 7, for instance screws or bolts, the first portions 52 of the channel section 6, blocking locking the second channel section 6 to the first fixing means 10. A sliding fixed joint is located between the fixing means 10 and channel section 5, <u>provided is carried out</u> by inserting the ends of the bracket mean 16 into the cavity 55 of the channel section 5.

[0022] The connection between a first channel section 5 and a second channel section 6 can be carried out by use of through second fixing means 11. Each of the second fixing means is composed of, constituted by the plate mean 15 and by an abutment mean 17, removably connected, through clamping means 7, in such way so as to clamp the second portion 53 of the first channel section 5 to the first portions 52 of a second channel section 6. In this case, by tightening the clamping means 7, the two channel sections 5, 6 are reciprocally locked together blocked.

[0023] The second fixing means 11, as shown in figure 11, can include spacer means 23 which can be interposed between the clamping means 7 and the related abutment mean 17, to and allow to distribute more uniformly the clamping pressure on the portions of the channel section to be locked block.

[0024] The plate mean 15 has two flat faces or chamfers 46, for instance which may be flat and parallel, carried out in correspondence of to two opposed vertexes vertices of the same plate, to allow the rotation of the latter when in the operational position, after the insertion in the cavity 55 through the longitudinal slot 8.

[0025] There are provided third Third fixing means 12, shown in figure 9, are provided to allow connecting a first channel section 5 to another a first channel section 5 or to a second channel section 6. The third fixing means 12 are constituted by comprise a second bracket mean 18, "U" shaped and inserted inside the cavity 55 of the first channel section 5. The; the second bracket means 18 is are removably connected, through the clamping means 7, to inserting means 19 which fit inside the cavity 55 of the remaining channel section 5, 6.

[0026] In <u>an alternative embodiment</u>, <u>as</u> shown in figure 9A, the third fixing means 12 can be constituted by a plate mean 15, inserted inside the cavity 55 of the first channel section 5 and connected, through clamping means 7, to inserting means 19, <u>which consist consisting of a channel section portion with <u>a</u> hollow rectangular section, inserted inside the cavity 55 of the remaining channel section 5, 6.</u>

[0027] The end of the second bracket mean 18 and the inserting means 19 clamp the second portions 53 of the channel section 5, blocking the latter locking the channel section 5 to the first fixing means 10. The insertion of the inserting means 19 in the cavity 55 of the channel section 5, 6 carries out provides a sliding fixes fixing joint between the fixing means 10 and said channel section.

[0028] Referring to figures from 20 to 22, the device 1 includes sixth fixing means 13, consisting of a "C" shaped element, which can be inserted inside the first channel section 5 and is provided with at least a couple pair of lateral slots 113, allowing the insertion, by rotations, of the first portions 52 of a second channel section 6.

[0029] The end, close to lateral slots 113, of central wall of sixth fixing means 13, close to the lateral slots 113, has a first recess 114 fit for avoiding interferences with eventual

the nuts or screw heads used for fixing the second channel section 6 to the <u>a</u> ceiling or to the <u>a</u> floor.

[0030] The An inner end of the first recess 114 has a tab 116 protruding outwards to form a stop for the first channel section 5. Alternatively, ; alternatively the inner ends of the lateral slots 113 can be provided with corresponding tabs 115, protruding outwards to form a stop.

[0031] The An end of a central wall of the sixth fixing means 13, opposed to the lateral slots 113, has a second recess 117, used to make easier the assembly operation fit for making easier the assemblage operations.

[0032] The <u>sixth</u> fixing means 13 <u>shown in of figure 23</u>, <u>consists of have</u> a parallelepiped shaped element made of solid plastic, <u>and</u> having one free end provided with a housing mean 118 consisting of a slot for <u>receiving</u> a protrusion of a related coupling mean 119 which can be inserted inside the first channel section 5. Housing mean 118 and coupling mean 119 are provided with respective holes 120 for <u>receiving</u> a fixing pin 121 or screw.

[0033] The channel section 5 shown in of figure 24 has, in correspondence of the window 57, a removable portion 61, positioned over the window 57 fit for the insertion of provided for inserting elements such as, like pipes or tubes, inside the window 57 in an installation condition of the channel section 5, 6. The removable portion 61 is fixed to the channel section 5, 6 by means of screws, nuts and washers.

[0034] The wall device 1 can be embedded into a suitable opening or cavity in a wall 60, or can be simply leaned against the wall 60-latter.

[0035] The fixing of the device is fixed to the wall 60 is carried out through by a plurality of fastening means 30, whose each one is constituted by comprised of a plate mean 15, inserted in the cavity 55 of an second channel section 6 and removably connected to a "L" shaped bracket mean 31, through clamping means 7. (See figure 7) The bracket mean 31 is fixed to the wall 60 by means of screws or bolts wedges, of known type, and it has a slot 32 for allowing the regulation of the clamping means 7 position and, consequently, the distance of the device 1 from the wall 60. Such a feature characteristic is particularly advantageous in the case in which said where the wall have noticeable shape irregularities.

[0036] With reference to figure 5, each Each connection mean 20 includes a support 21, which is detachably connected through clamping means 7, to a plate mean 15 inserted in the cavity 55 of a second channel section 6 of a middle horizontal upright 2. In order to avoid the rotation of the support 21 with respect to the upright 2, it is provided an anti-rotation bracket 22 is provided which is —U shaped and connected to the support 21, whose ends are inserted in the longitudinal slot 8 of the related channel section 6, for avoiding the rotation of the connection mean 20.

[0037] The device further includes fourth fixing means 25, shown in figures 13-15, fitfor which adjustably connecting connect the second channel sections 6 to the first
channel section 5 or to the second channel section 6. Each fourth fixing mean 25
includes a first portion 26 characterized by having a transversal seat 28, fit foraccommodating which accommodates a first portion 52 of a channel section 6 and a
protrusion 27, which is almost orthogonal to said the transversal seat 28 and which can
be inserted inside the cavity 55 of a corresponding channel section 5, 6. Threaded
means block lock the fourth fixing mean 25 to the portion 52 of the channel section 6,
once defined the related positions of the two channel section are set.

[0038] There are provided covering Covering panels 4, for instance made of Fermacell or vibrated cement or asbestos gypsum, <u>are fixed</u> to the uprights 2, and particularly positioned against the portions 52, 53 of the first <u>channel sections</u> 5 and second 6 channel sections, to which they are constrained by threaded connections of known type.

[0039] Sealing means can be interposed between the first <u>channel sections</u> 5 and second 6 channel sections and the panels 4.

[0040] The figures from Figures 8 to 10 show a variant of the wall device 1, comprising characterized by two horizontal uprights, upper and middle, constituted by first channel sections 5, and by a vertical middle upright consisting of a second channel section 6. The vertical uprights are carried out by two first channel sections 5, which are sideways coupled with the interposition of an abutment spacer 29 and connected to connection means 24, consisting for instance of a U shaped bracket, containing the edges 52, 53 and is blocked, locked in position by clamping means, which sideways contact said first portions 52.

[0041] The connection between the channel section 6 of the middle vertical upright and the channel sections 5 of the two horizontal uprights is carried out by clamping the portions 52, 53 between an abutment plate 33 inserted inside the cavity 55 of the channel section 6 and the abutment mean 17.

[0042] In this case the wall device 1 is inserted into a passing through passage or blind space carried out in the wall 60, to which it is sideways clamped by lock means 59, of known type, screwed or welded or glued to channel sections 5, 6 of the device 1.

[0043] There are further provided L shaped bracket 34 of known type, is used to fit formutually irremovably connecting the vertical and horizontal uprights 2 in such a way as to provide give to the device 1 a rigid, and fixed wall device structure.

[0044] Another variant of the device 1, shown in figure 12, provides the uses of a first channel section 5 in which the second portion 53 consists in a shaped channel section 66, fixed to an inner protrusion 56 of a corresponding first portion 52.

[0045] A variant of the first fixing means 10, shown in the figures 16 and 17, provides that the first bracket mean 16 is constituted by two separate portions, reciprocally rotatably coupled together and connected respectively to the plate mean 15 and to a channel section 5, 6. The two portions can reciprocally rotate around an axis nearly orthogonal to the plane defined by the device 1, and they to allow in this way to adjust for adjusting the inclination of an horizontal upright 2 with respect to the vertical uprights, for instance when the device 1 must be inserted in an room having a sloping ceiling, such as an attic, a garret, a closet.

[0046] Fifth fixing means 40 connect the first channel section 5 to another first channel section 5 or to a second channel section 6. The fifth fixing means 40 are substantially constituted by a nearly U shaped connection element 41. A, whose portion is inserted inside the cavity of a channel section 5, 6, while the remaining portion mates the bottom side 50 of the channel section 5 and is blocked to the latter. Particularly In particular, the element 41 is blocked locked to the inner protrusion 56 of the portion 52 of the channel section 5 by means of an insert 42, disposed adjacent to the portion 52, to which said insert 42 is removably connected by a screw. It is further provided a A spacer element 43 is interposed between the screw head and the connection element 41 and between the connection element latter and the insert 42, guarantying a more stable clamping of the fixing means 40.

[0047] The figure Figure 18 shows a further variant of the wall device 1 including spacing means 35 for the of uprights 2, positioned side by side. The spacing means 35 positioned and fit to form a space 36 delimited by said horizontal and vertical uprights

2. The space 36 is used for housing fittings, wirings, pipes or earries out <u>provides</u> an interspace for the ventilation, usable for the summer and winter <u>air</u> conditioning of the room in which the device is inserted.

[0048] The covering panels 4 are screwed to the uprights 2 or, with reference referring to figure 19, the covering panels 4 are removably fixed to horizontal uprights 2 by means of a plurality of hanging means 9. Each hanging means includes an "S" shaped section element, fixed to the covering panel 4 by means of screws to form a side for an the horizontal uprights 2, consisting of a second channel section 6.

[0049] There are provided in this variant In this embodiment, insulation panels 37, whose have ends are inserted and fixed, for instance by glueing adhesive or by screws, in the longitudinal openings 8 of the channel section 5, 6 which constitute the uprights 2. Covering panels 4 are provided on the external sides of the device 1, while further insulation panels, for instance made of polystyrene, or separation panels 38, made of cement material or the like, can be inserted inside the interspace 35.

[0050] The main advantage of the present invention is to provide a wall device for fixtures and fittings, which is adjustable and customizable according to specific constructive requirements, and which may be fit to be modified and also easily changed after the installation and assembly is complete the assemblage.

[0051] <u>Another Other</u> advantage is to provide a device, which can be fixed to an existing wall, requiring a minimum of <u>prearrangement of revisions to</u> the preexisting walls, both in <u>the</u> construction phase and <u>when remodeling in restructuring phase</u>.

[0052] <u>A further Further</u> advantage is to provide a device fit to constitute a self-supporting independent wall.

[0053] <u>Another Other</u> advantage is to provide a device having detachable covering panels, in order to allow <u>for an</u> easy and quick installation and inspection of the inner pipes and ducts and the <u>hot water</u> <u>hydro thermo</u> sanitary <u>devices</u> <u>apparatuses</u> supported thereby.

#### ABSTRACT

A wall device for fittings includes:

- -a plurality of horizontal and vertical uprights (2) which can be assembled together to form the wall device. The horizontal and vertical uprights are ,-mutually coupled by at least one first adjustable fixing means device (10);
- with connection means elements (20) used for joining the fittings.

The uprights (2) include at least a first channel section (5) and a second channel section (6), each including, starting from a respective bottom side (50), two respective opposed side parts (51) nearly orthogonal to the bottom side (50), <u>and</u> two respective first portions (52), parallel to the bottom side (50).

Said The sides, parts and portions (50, 51, 52) of the at least the first channel section (5) and the second channel section (6) channel sections define a respective cavity (55) and longitudinal openings (8) for the first fixing means device (10) and for the connection means elements (20).

At least a first portion (52) of each first channel section (5) has also a second portion (53) orthogonal to the first portions (52) and facing outwards the respective cavity (55).